

## **Appendix B – Hydraulic Calculations**

- Normal Depth Calculations – Onsite
- Drop Inlet Calculations
- Emergency Overflow Calculations
- Standard Form 6 Models

## Worksheet for ON1

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### Project Description

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Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

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Channel Slope	4.000 %
Discharge	1.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	0.50
	0+00.50	0.48
	0+00.50	0.00
	0+02.00	0.13
	0+02.00	0.17
	0+24.50	0.62
	0+24.50	1.12
	0+25.00	1.12

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.50)	(0+25.00, 1.12)	0.016

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### Options

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Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

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Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.23 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	4.55 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.07 ft
Top Width	4.28 ft
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Slope	0.893 %
Velocity	3.14 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.15 ft

## Worksheet for ON1

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.38 ft
Froude Number	2.031
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

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Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Channel Slope	4.000 %
Critical Slope	0.893 %

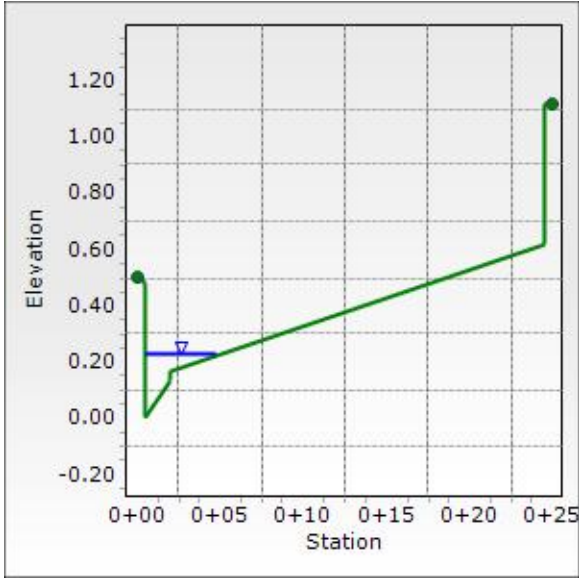
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# XS for ON1

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	4.000 %
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Discharge	1.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON2.2

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### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	0.870 %
Discharge	5.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	0.90
	0+00.50	0.90
	0+00.50	0.40
	0+23.00	0.17
	0+23.00	0.13
	0+24.50	0.00
	0+24.50	0.48
	0+25.00	0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.90)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

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Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.37 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 0.90 ft
Flow Area	2.5 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	21.71 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.11 ft
Top Width	21.29 ft
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.38 ft
Critical Slope	0.780 %
Velocity	2.03 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.06 ft

## Worksheet for ON2.2

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.44 ft
Froude Number	1.052
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.38 ft
Channel Slope	0.870 %
Critical Slope	0.780 %

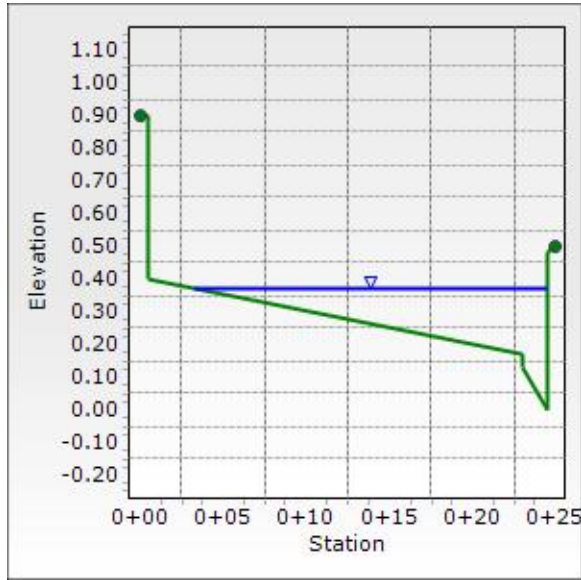
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# XS for ON2.2

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.870 %
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Discharge	5.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON3

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### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	3.250 %
Discharge	1.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	0.50
	0+00.50	0.48
	0+00.50	0.00
	0+02.00	0.13
	0+02.00	0.17
	0+24.50	0.62
	0+24.50	1.12
	0+25.00	1.12

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.50)	(0+25.00, 1.12)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

---



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### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.23 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	4.89 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.07 ft
Top Width	4.62 ft
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Slope	0.893 %
Velocity	2.87 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.13 ft

## Worksheet for ON3

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.36 ft
Froude Number	1.844
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

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### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Channel Slope	3.250 %
Critical Slope	0.893 %

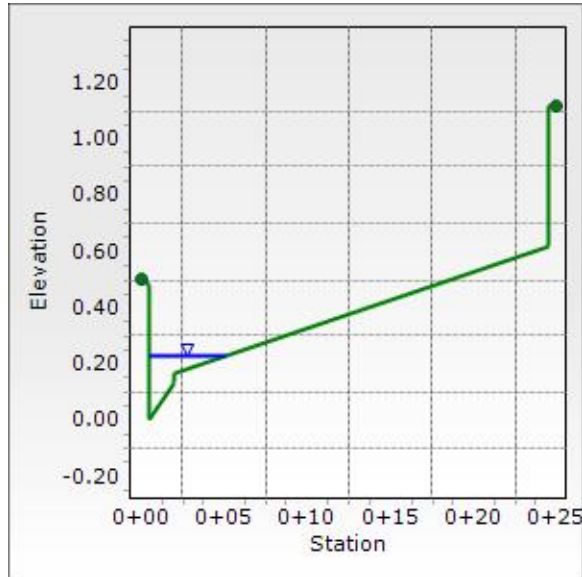
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# XS for ON3

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	3.250 %
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Discharge	1.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON4.1

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### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	2.470 %
Discharge	3.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.12
	0+00.50		1.12
	0+00.50		0.62
	0+23.00		0.17
	0+23.00		0.13
	0+24.50		0.00
	0+24.50		0.48
	0+25.00		0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.32 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.9 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	9.38 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.10 ft
Top Width	9.02 ft
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Slope	0.777 %
Velocity	3.17 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.16 ft

## Worksheet for ON4.1

---

### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.48 ft
Froude Number	1.721
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Channel Slope	2.470 %
Critical Slope	0.777 %

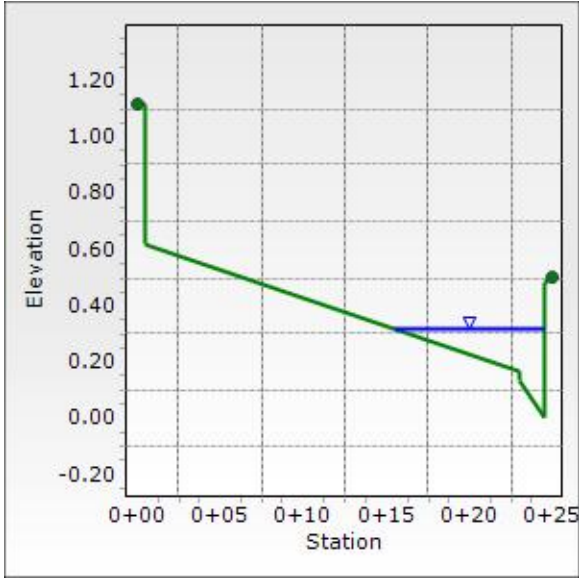
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# XS for ON4.1

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.470 %
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Discharge	3.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON4.2

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### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	2.640 %
Discharge	3.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	1.12
	0+00.50	1.12
	0+00.50	0.62
	0+23.00	0.17
	0+23.00	0.13
	0+24.50	0.00
	0+24.50	0.48
	0+25.00	0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.32 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.9 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	9.24 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.10 ft
Top Width	8.88 ft
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Slope	0.777 %
Velocity	3.25 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.16 ft

## Worksheet for ON4.2

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.48 ft
Froude Number	1.776
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Channel Slope	2.640 %
Critical Slope	0.777 %

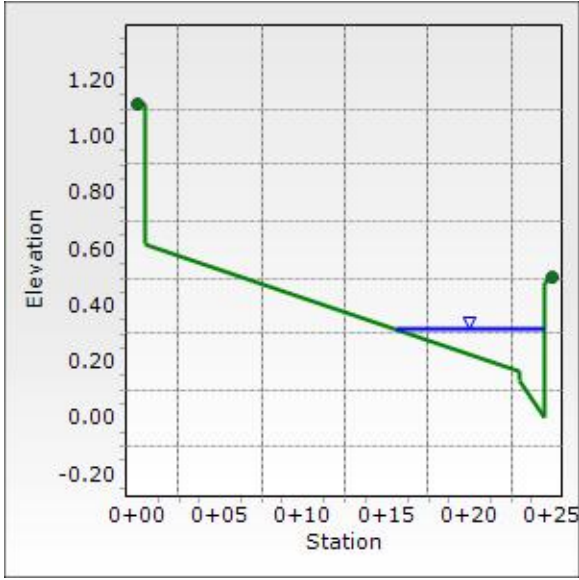
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# XS for ON4.2

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.640 %
Normal Depth	0.32 ft
Discharge	3.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON6.1

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### Project Description

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Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	2.000 %
Discharge	4.50 cfs

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### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	1.12
	0+00.50	1.12
	0+00.50	0.62
	0+23.00	0.17
	0+23.00	0.13
	0+24.50	0.00
	0+24.50	0.48
	0+25.00	0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.37 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	1.4 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	11.68 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.12 ft
Top Width	11.27 ft
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.42 ft
Critical Slope	0.736 %
Velocity	3.20 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.16 ft

## Worksheet for ON6.1

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.52 ft
Froude Number	1.600
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.42 ft
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Critical Slope	0.736 %

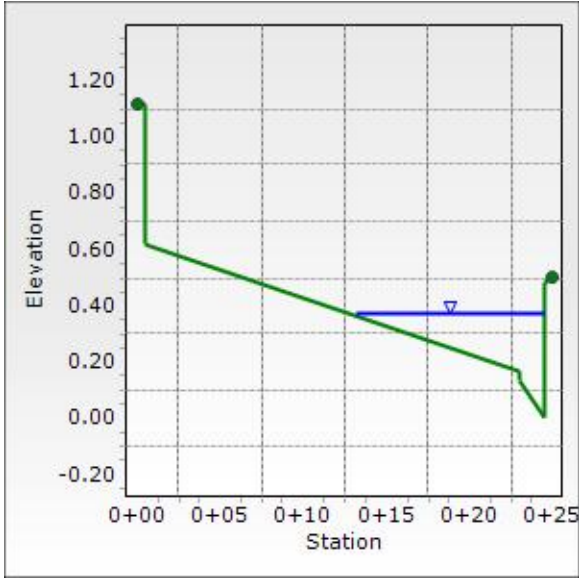
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# XS for ON6.1

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Discharge	4.50 cfs



## Worksheet for ON6.2

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### Project Description

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Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	2.000 %
Discharge	4.50 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.45
	0+00.50		1.43
	0+00.50		0.95
	0+19.00		0.57
	0+42.00		0.06
	0+43.50		0.00
	0+45.00		0.06
	0+61.50		0.33
	0+61.50		0.81
	0+62.00		0.83

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.45)	(0+62.00, 0.83)	0.016

---

### Options

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Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

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### Results

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Normal Depth	0.21 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.21 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.45 ft
Flow Area	1.7 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	18.72 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.09 ft
Top Width	18.72 ft
Normal Depth	0.21 ft
Critical Depth	0.24 ft
Critical Slope	0.784 %

## Worksheet for ON6.2

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### Results

---

Velocity	2.65 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.11 ft
Specific Energy	0.32 ft
Froude Number	1.553
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.21 ft
Critical Depth	0.24 ft
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Critical Slope	0.784 %

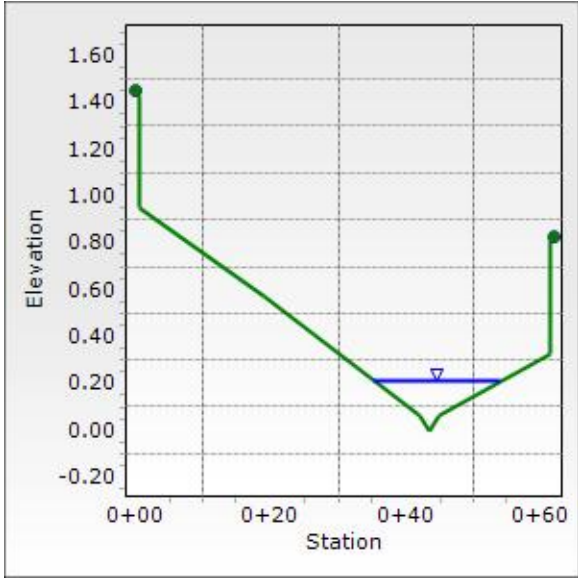
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# XS for ON6.2

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Normal Depth	0.21 ft
Discharge	4.50 cfs



## Worksheet for ON7

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

Input Data	
Channel Slope	3.800 %
Discharge	1.00 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.12
	0+00.50		1.12
	0+00.50		0.62
	0+23.00		0.17
	0+23.00		0.13
	0+24.50		0.00
	0+24.50		0.48
	0+25.00		0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.23 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	4.63 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.07 ft
Top Width	4.36 ft
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Slope	0.893 %
Velocity	3.08 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.15 ft

## Worksheet for ON7

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### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.37 ft
Froude Number	1.988
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Channel Slope	3.800 %
Critical Slope	0.893 %

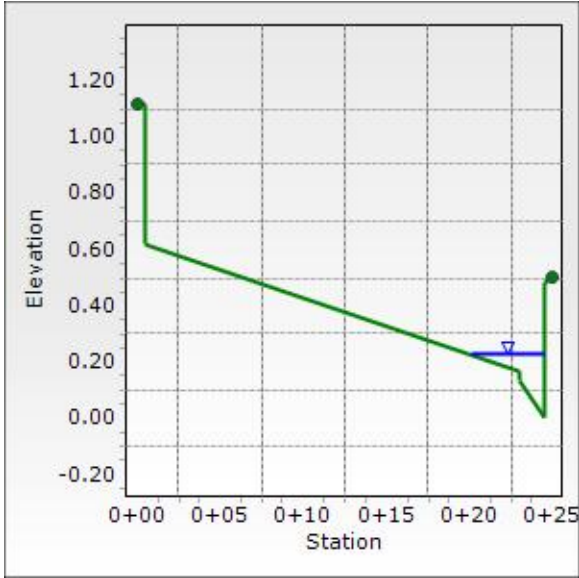
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# XS for ON7

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	3.800 %
Normal Depth	0.23 ft
Discharge	1.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON8

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Discharge	3.00 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.12
	0+00.50		1.12
	0+00.50		0.62
	0+23.00		0.17
	0+23.00		0.13
	0+24.50		0.00
	0+24.50		0.48
	0+25.00		0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.35 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	1.2 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	10.65 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.11 ft
Top Width	10.26 ft
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Slope	0.777 %
Velocity	2.53 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.10 ft

## Worksheet for ON8

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### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.44 ft
Froude Number	1.309
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Critical Slope	0.777 %

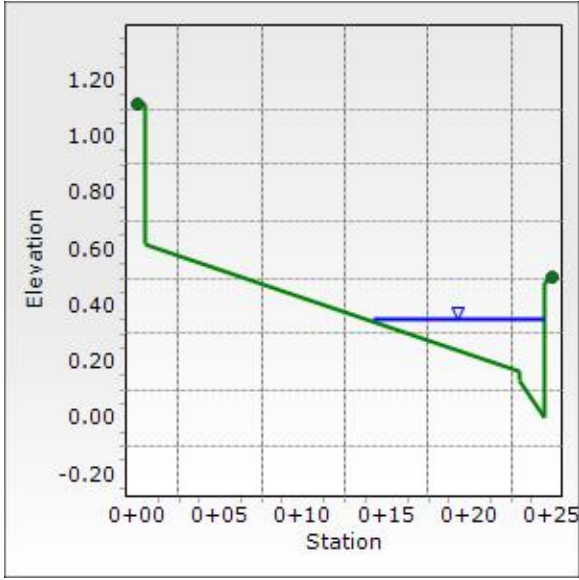
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# XS for ON8

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Discharge	3.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON9

---

### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	1.000 %
Discharge	1.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	1.28
	0+00.50	1.28
	0+00.50	0.78
	0+23.00	0.17
	0+23.00	0.13
	0+24.50	0.00
	0+24.50	0.48
	0+25.00	0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.28)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

---



---

### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.28 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.28 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.28 ft
Flow Area	0.5 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	5.77 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.09 ft
Top Width	5.45 ft
Normal Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Slope	0.870 %
Velocity	1.89 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.06 ft

## Worksheet for ON9

---

### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.33 ft
Froude Number	1.069
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Channel Slope	1.000 %
Critical Slope	0.870 %

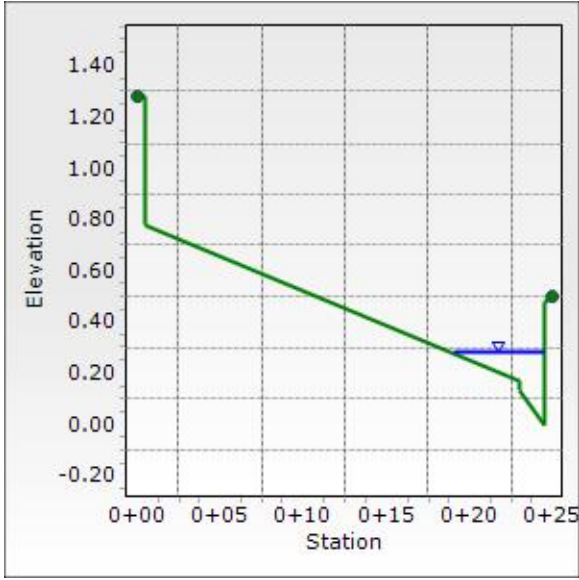
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# XS for ON9

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.000 %
Normal Depth	0.28 ft
Discharge	1.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON10.1

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Discharge	3.00 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	0.50
	0+00.50	0.48
	0+00.50	0.00
	0+02.00	0.13
	0+02.00	0.17
	0+24.50	0.59
	0+24.50	1.09
	0+25.00	1.09

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.50)	(0+25.00, 1.09)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.33 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.33 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.09 ft
Flow Area	1.0 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	10.24 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.10 ft
Top Width	9.86 ft
Normal Depth	0.33 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Slope	0.782 %
Velocity	2.87 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.13 ft

## Worksheet for ON10.1

---

### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.45 ft
Froude Number	1.555
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.33 ft
Critical Depth	0.37 ft
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Critical Slope	0.782 %

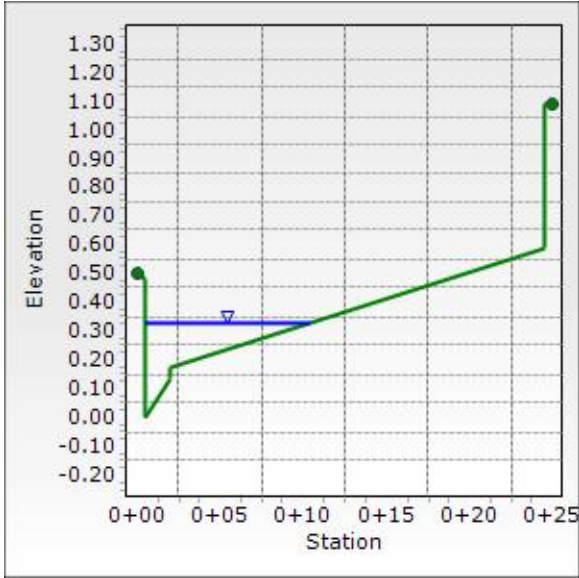
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# XS for ON10.1

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Normal Depth	0.33 ft
Discharge	3.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON10.2

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.310 %
Discharge	1.00 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.12
	0+00.50		1.12
	0+00.50		0.62
	0+23.00		0.17
	0+23.00		0.13
	0+24.50		0.00
	0+24.50		0.48
	0+25.00		0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.24 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.24 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	0.4 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	5.46 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.07 ft
Top Width	5.17 ft
Normal Depth	0.24 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Critical Slope	0.893 %
Velocity	2.48 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.10 ft

## Worksheet for ON10.2

---

### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.34 ft
Froude Number	1.570
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.24 ft
Critical Depth	0.28 ft
Channel Slope	2.310 %
Critical Slope	0.893 %

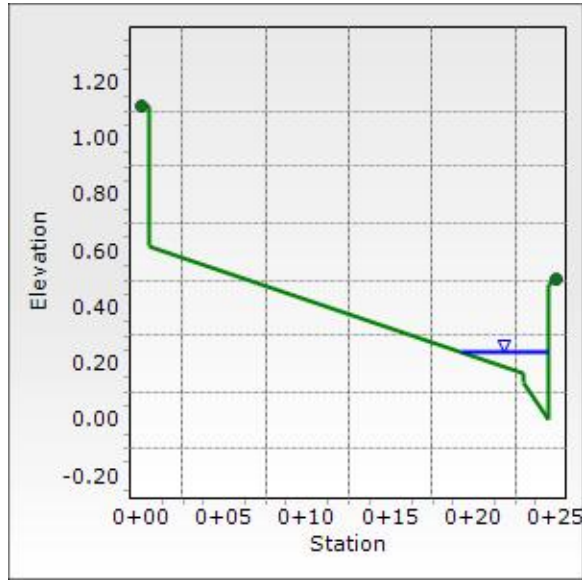
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# XS for ON10.2

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.310 %
Normal Depth	0.24 ft
Discharge	1.00 cfs



## Worksheet for ON11

---

### Project Description

---

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

### Input Data

---

Channel Slope	2.000 %
Discharge	4.00 cfs

---

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	0.50
	0+00.50	0.48
	0+00.50	0.00
	0+02.00	0.13
	0+02.00	0.17
	0+24.50	0.59
	0+24.50	1.09
	0+25.00	1.09

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.50)	(0+25.00, 1.09)	0.016

---

### Options

---

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

---



---

### Results

---

Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.35 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.09 ft
Flow Area	1.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	11.60 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.11 ft
Top Width	11.20 ft
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Critical Depth	0.40 ft
Critical Slope	0.753 %
Velocity	3.06 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.15 ft

## Worksheet for ON11

---

### Results

---

Specific Energy	0.50 ft
Froude Number	1.578
Flow Type	Supercritical

---

### GVF Input Data

---

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

---

### GVF Output Data

---

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Critical Depth	0.40 ft
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Critical Slope	0.753 %

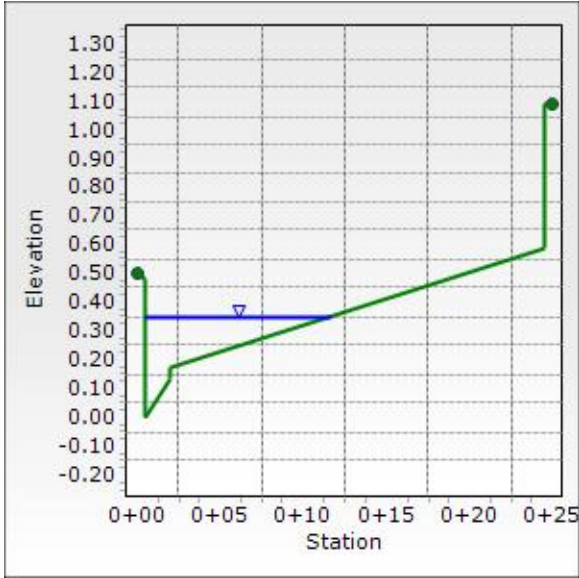
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# XS for ON11

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Normal Depth	0.35 ft
Discharge	4.00 cfs



## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI1 - ON1

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	1	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.04	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	3.14	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.23	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	4.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	1.18
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.18 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	-0.18 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.03
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	1.0 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.273 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	5.95 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	0.6 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	1.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.22 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI2 - ON2

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	5	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.0286	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	3.20	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.32	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.01	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	12.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	14.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	11.01 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	0.36
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.78 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	3.22 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.36
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	2.9 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.086 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	21.12 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	2.7 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	5.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.34 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI3 - ON3

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	1	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.0325	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	2.87	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.23	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	4.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	1.08
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.08 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	-0.08 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.03
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	1.0 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.251 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	5.88 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	0.6 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	1.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.22 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI4 - ON4

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	3	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.0247	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	3.17	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.32	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	5.0	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	7.0	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	7.22 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	0.59
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.76 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	1.24 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.12
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	1.9 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.146 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	11.90 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	1.4 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	3.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.43 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Grate Inlet Headwater Depth Calculation

4-ft by 4-ft Jensen Grate at ON11 Low Point DI #5

**Known:**

Q= Flow (cfs)	4.0
W= Width of Grate (ft)	4.0
L= Length of Grate (ft)	4.0
D= Diameter of Circle (in)	
Cf= Clogging Factor (%)	50

**Weir Conditions:**

$$Hw = (Q / (Cw * P))^{2/3}$$

Cw= Weir Coefficient	2.7
P= Perimeter of grate (ft)	16.0
Pc= Perimeter (w/clogging) (ft)	8.0
Hw= Headwater depth (ft)	0.32

**Orifice Conditions:**

$$Hw = (Q / (Co * Ac))^2 / 2 * g$$

Co= Orifice Coefficient	0.67
Ag= Grate Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	16.0
Gf= Grate Opening Factor	0.64
Ac= Grate Open Area (w/ clogging) (ft <sup>2</sup> )	5.1
Hw= Headwater depth (ft)	0.02

**Worst Case Scenario Occurs Under Weir Conditions**

Headwater Depth (ft) = 0.32

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI6 - ON6

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	4.5	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.02	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	3.20	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.37	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	7.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	9.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = 1-0.09*(V <sub>s</sub> -V <sub>o</sub> ) if V <sub>s</sub> >V <sub>o</sub> ; else R <sub>f</sub> =1	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	8.71 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = Q <sub>w</sub> /Q <sub>s</sub>	0.47
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow=A <sub>w</sub> *V <sub>s</sub>	2.10 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = Q <sub>s</sub> -Q <sub>w</sub>	2.40 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.26
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = [R <sub>f</sub> *E <sub>o</sub> +R <sub>s</sub> *(1-E <sub>o</sub> )]*Q <sub>s</sub>	2.7 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = S <sub>x</sub> +S <sub>w</sub> *E <sub>o</sub>	0.120 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = (0.137+afeet)/W	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	14.89 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	2.2 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = Q <sub>ig</sub> +Q <sub>ic</sub>	4.5 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = Q <sub>s</sub> -Q <sub>ti</sub>	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = Q <sub>ti</sub> /L <sub>g</sub>	0.47 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = (Q <sub>ti</sub> /Q <sub>s</sub> )*100	100 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI7 - ON7

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	1	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.038	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	3.08	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.23	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	4.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	1.16
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.16 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	-0.16 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.03
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	1.0 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.268 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	5.92 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	0.6 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	1.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.22 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Type B Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI8 - ON8

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	3	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.0138	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	2.53	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.35	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	2.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	0.52
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	1.56 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	1.44 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.04
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	1.6 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.131 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	10.64 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	0.6 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	2.2 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.8 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.89 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	74 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI9 - ON9

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	1	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.01	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	1.89	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.28	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.027	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	4.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = $1-0.09*(V_s-V_o)$ if $V_s>V_o$ ; else $R_f=1$	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = $Q_w/Q_s$	0.90
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow= $A_w*V_s$	0.90 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = $Q_s-Q_w$	0.10 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.09
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = $[R_f*E_o+R_s*(1-E_o)]*Q_s$	0.9 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = $S_x+S_w*E_o$	0.220 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = $(0.137+afeet)/W$	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	4.47 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	0.7 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = $Q_{ig}+Q_{ic}$	1.0 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = $Q_s-Q_{ti}$	0.0 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = $Q_{ti}/L_g$	0.22 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = $(Q_{ti}/Q_s)*100$	100 %

## Type CM Drop Inlet Sizing on a C. G.

DI10 - ON10

### Known:

Q <sub>s</sub> = Half Street Flow	3	cfs
S <sub>o</sub> = Longitudinal Slope	0.02	ft/ft
n= Manning's Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
V <sub>s</sub> = Flow Velocity	2.87	fps
D= Flow Depth	0.33	ft
S <sub>x</sub> = Street Transverse Slope	0.02	ft/ft
W= Gutter Width	2	ft
a= Gutter Depression	5.0	in
L <sub>g</sub> = Length of Grate	2.5	ft
L <sub>c</sub> = Length of Curb Opening	4.5	ft
C <sub>fg</sub> = Clogging Factor for Grate	50	%
C <sub>fc</sub> = Clogging Factor for Curb Opening	50	%

### Grate Capacity Calculations:

R <sub>f</sub> = Frontal flow factor = 1-0.09*(V <sub>s</sub> -V <sub>o</sub> ) if V <sub>s</sub> >V <sub>o</sub> ; else R <sub>f</sub> =1	1.00
V <sub>o</sub> = Splash over velocity= $p+q*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))-r*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^2+s*(L_g*(1-(C_{fg}/100)))^3$	5.02 fps
E <sub>o</sub> = Grate flow ratio = Q <sub>w</sub> /Q <sub>s</sub>	0.55
Q <sub>w</sub> = Frontal flow=A <sub>w</sub> *V <sub>s</sub>	1.66 cfs
Q <sub>x</sub> = Side flow = Q <sub>s</sub> -Q <sub>w</sub>	1.34 cfs
R <sub>s</sub> = Side flow factor = $1/(1+(0.15*V_s^{1.8})/(S_x*(L_g*(1-C_{fg}/100))^{2.3}))$	0.03
Q <sub>ig</sub> = Flow intercepted = [R <sub>f</sub> *E <sub>o</sub> +R <sub>s</sub> *(1-E <sub>o</sub> )]*Q <sub>s</sub>	1.7 cfs
†p=1.76;q=3.12;r=0.45;s=0.03 (based on Bar P 1-1/8 grate)	

### Curb Opening Capacity Calculations

S <sub>e</sub> = Equivalent cross slope = S <sub>x</sub> +S <sub>w</sub> *E <sub>o</sub>	0.138 ft/ft
S <sub>w</sub> = Gutter cross slope = (0.137+afeet)/W	0.214 ft/ft
L <sub>t</sub> = Total interception L = $0.60*Q_s^{0.42}*S_o^{0.30}*(1/n*S_e)^{0.6}$	11.54 ft
Q <sub>ic</sub> = Flow intercepted = $(1-(1-(L_c*(1-C_{fc}/100))/L_t)^{1.8})*Q_s$	1.0 cfs

### Total Inlet Calculations

Q <sub>ti</sub> = Total flow intercepted = Q <sub>ig</sub> +Q <sub>ic</sub>	2.7 cfs
Q <sub>tq</sub> = Flow bypass = Q <sub>s</sub> -Q <sub>ti</sub>	0.3 cfs
q= Interception per unit ratio = Q <sub>ti</sub> /L <sub>g</sub>	0.59 cfs/ft
E <sub>q</sub> = Efficiency = (Q <sub>ti</sub> /Q <sub>s</sub> )*100	89 %

## Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON8 (ON6 + ON7 + ON8)

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

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Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Discharge	8.50 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	0+00.00	1.12
	0+00.50	1.12
	0+00.50	0.62
	0+23.00	0.17
	0+23.00	0.13
	0+24.50	0.00
	0+24.50	0.48
	0+25.00	0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.12)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.46 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	2.6 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	16.30 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.16 ft
Top Width	15.80 ft
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Critical Depth	0.51 ft
Critical Slope	0.679 %
Velocity	3.23 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.16 ft

## Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON8 (ON6 + ON7 + ON8)

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.62 ft
Froude Number	1.396
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

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### GVF Output Data

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Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Critical Depth	0.51 ft
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Critical Slope	0.679 %

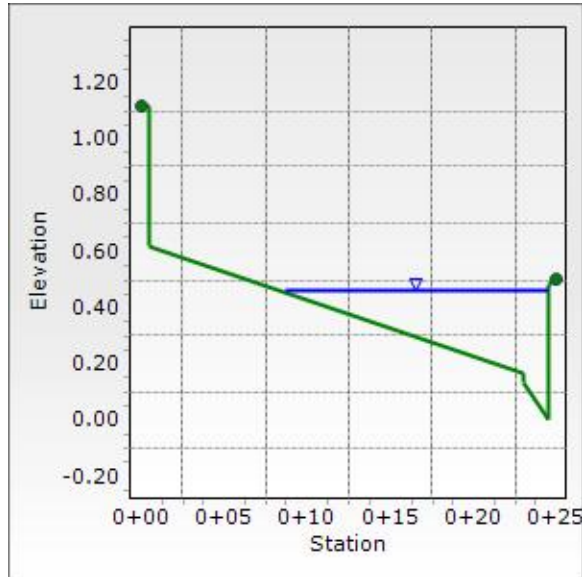
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## XS for Emergency Overflow ON8 (ON6 + ON7 + ON8)

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.380 %
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Discharge	8.50 cfs



## Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON9 (ON6 + ON7 + ON9)

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

---

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.000 %
Discharge	6.50 cfs

### Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)	
	0+00.00		1.28
	0+00.50		1.28
	0+00.50		0.78
	0+23.00		0.17
	0+23.00		0.13
	0+24.50		0.00
	0+24.50		0.48
	0+25.00		0.50

### Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 1.28)	(0+25.00, 0.50)	0.016

### Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

### Results

Normal Depth	0.47 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.47 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.28 ft
Flow Area	2.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	13.05 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.17 ft
Top Width	12.53 ft
Normal Depth	0.47 ft
Critical Depth	0.50 ft
Critical Slope	0.684 %
Velocity	2.88 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.13 ft

## Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON9 (ON6 + ON7 + ON9)

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.60 ft
Froude Number	1.198
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

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### GVF Output Data

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Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.47 ft
Critical Depth	0.50 ft
Channel Slope	1.000 %
Critical Slope	0.684 %

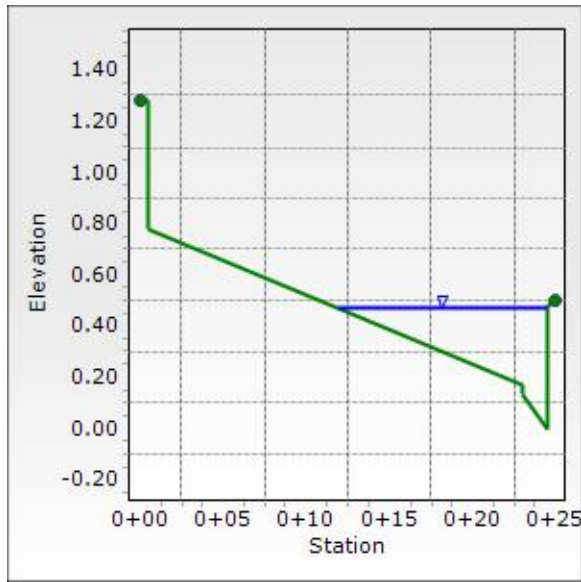
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## XS for Emergency Overflow ON9 (ON6 + ON7 + ON9)

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	1.000 %
Normal Depth	0.47 ft
Discharge	6.50 cfs



# Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON11 (ON4 + ON9 + ON10 + ON11)

## Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

## Input Data

Channel Slope	2.000 %
Discharge	10.50 cfs

## Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00.00	0.50
0+00.50	0.48
0+00.50	0.00
0+02.00	0.13
0+02.00	0.17
0+24.50	0.62
0+24.50	1.12
0+25.00	1.12

## Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00.00, 0.50)	(0+25.00, 1.12)	0.016

## Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

## Results

Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Elevation	0.46 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 1.12 ft
Flow Area	2.7 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	16.47 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.16 ft
Top Width	15.96 ft
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Critical Depth	0.54 ft
Critical Slope	0.660 %
Velocity	3.92 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.24 ft

## Worksheet for Emergency Overflow ON11 (ON4 + ON9 + ON10 + ON11)

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### Results

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Specific Energy	0.70 ft
Froude Number	1.684
Flow Type	Supercritical

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### GVF Input Data

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Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

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### GVF Output Data

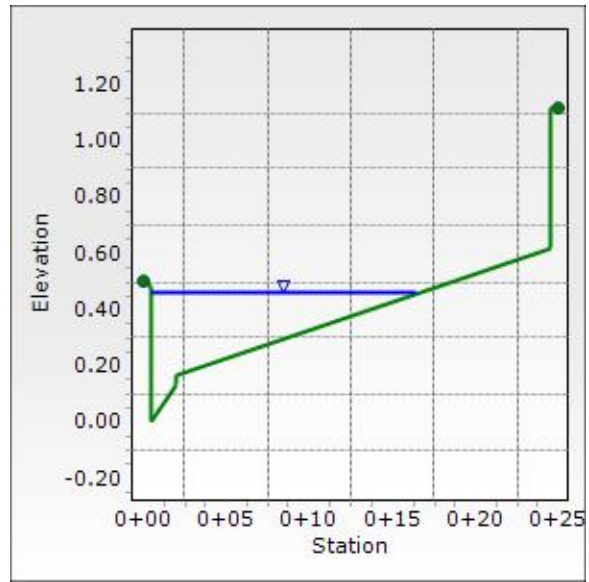
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Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Critical Depth	0.54 ft
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Critical Slope	0.660 %

---

## XS for Emergency Overflow ON11 (ON4 + ON9 + ON10 + ON11)

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth
Input Data	
Channel Slope	2.000 %
Normal Depth	0.46 ft
Discharge	10.50 cfs





### MAIN - Summary of Results

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2533.84	2536.34	2536.32	2535.89	2535.00	Outlet	HGL<1ft below FG	NO
1074.57	2534.14	2536.64	2537.07	2536.64	2539.71	SDMH15	OK	NO
1079.57	2534.16	2536.16	2537.22	2536.16	2539.71	SDMH15	OK	NO
1087.07	2534.19	2536.19	2537.32	2536.26	2539.87	DI5	OK	NO
1091.07	2534.20	2536.20	2538.09	2537.33	2539.87	DI5	OK	NO
1112.34	2534.29	2536.29	2538.29	2537.53	2540.61	SDMH8	OK	NO
1117.34	2534.31	2536.31	2538.42	2537.66	2540.61	SDMH8	OK	NO
1309.80	2535.08	2537.08	2540.24	2539.48	2544.61	SDMH7	OK	NO
1314.80	2535.15	2536.65	2540.87	2540.03	2544.61	SDMH7	OK	NO
1411.96	2537.58	2539.08	2542.35	2541.51	2546.67	SDMH6	OK	NO
1416.96	2537.70	2539.20	2543.16	2542.61	2546.67	SDMH6	OK	NO
1491.22	2539.49	2540.99	2543.90	2543.35	2548.16	DI4	OK	NO
1495.85	2539.49	2540.99	2544.46	2544.18	2548.16	DI4	OK	NO
1513.96	2539.94	2541.44	2544.55	2544.27	2548.91	SDMH5	OK	NO
1518.96	2540.06	2541.56	2544.64	2544.36	2548.91	SDMH5	OK	NO
1814.98	2547.46	2548.96	2549.24	2548.96	2556.47	Roof Drain	OK	NO
1815.64	2547.48	2548.98	2549.25	2549.01	2556.47	Roof Drain	OK	NO
1917.60	2550.03	2551.53	2551.77	2551.53	2559.66	SDMH4	OK	NO
1922.60	2550.15	2551.65	2551.90	2551.65	2559.66	SDMH4	OK	NO
1972.91	2551.41	2552.91	2553.16	2552.91	2559.95	SDMH3	OK	NO
1977.91	2551.54	2553.04	2553.53	2553.35	2559.95	SDMH3	OK	NO
2036.24	2553.00	2554.50	2554.67	2554.50	2561.33	SDMH2	OK	NO
2041.24	2553.12	2554.62	2554.86	2554.86	2561.33	SDMH2	OK	NO
2309.56	2559.83	2561.33	2561.33	2561.33	2566.81	SDMH1	OK	NO
2314.56	2559.95	2561.45	2561.46	2561.45	2566.81	SDMH1	OK	NO
2337.05	2560.52	2562.02	2562.02	2562.02	2566.27	DI1	OK	NO
2337.05	2560.52	2562.02	2562.03	2562.03	2566.27	DI1	OK	NO



**MAIN\_SDMH2 - Summary of Results**

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2553.21	2554.71	2554.98	2554.86	2561.33	SDMH2	OK	NO
1019.98	2554.21	2555.71	2555.83	2555.71	2561.39	DI2	OK	NO
1019.98	2554.21	2555.71	2555.95	2555.95	2561.39	DI2	OK	NO



**MAIN\_SDMH3 - Summary of Results**

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2551.48	2552.98	2553.35	2553.35	2559.95	SDMH3	OK	NO
1030.32	2552.23	2553.73	2553.74	2553.73	2559.19	DI1	OK	NO
1030.32	2552.23	2553.73	2553.74	2553.74	2559.19	DI1	OK	NO



**MAIN\_SDMH6 - Summary of Results**

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2537.64	2539.14	2542.64	2542.61	2546.67	SDMH6	OK	NO
1008.25	2538.05	2539.55	2542.65	2542.61	2546.40	DI10	OK	NO
1008.25	2538.05	2539.55	2542.67	2542.67	2546.40	DI10	OK	NO



### MAIN\_SDMH7 - Summary of Results

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2535.09	2536.59	2540.43	2540.03	2544.61	SDMH7	OK	NO
1176.72	2538.62	2540.12	2541.08	2540.68	2547.84	DI9	OK	NO
1182.73	2538.62	2540.12	2541.37	2541.05	2547.84	DI9	OK	NO
1346.72	2541.90	2543.40	2543.72	2543.40	2550.18	SDMH12	OK	NO
1351.72	2542.00	2543.50	2544.44	2544.26	2550.18	SDMH12	OK	NO
1381.74	2542.60	2544.10	2544.54	2544.36	2551.11	DI7	OK	NO
1387.74	2542.60	2544.10	2544.67	2544.55	2551.11	DI7	OK	NO
1501.24	2544.87	2546.37	2546.50	2546.37	2556.40	SDMH11	OK	NO
1506.24	2545.01	2546.51	2546.77	2546.67	2556.40	SDMH11	OK	NO
1617.27	2548.90	2550.40	2550.50	2550.40	2558.34	SDMH10	OK	NO
1622.27	2549.07	2550.57	2550.67	2550.57	2558.34	SDMH10	OK	NO
1680.70	2551.12	2552.62	2552.72	2552.62	2560.74	SDMH16	OK	NO
1685.70	2551.29	2552.79	2552.89	2552.79	2560.74	SDMH16	OK	NO
1692.34	2551.52	2553.02	2553.12	2553.02	2560.12	DI6	OK	NO
1692.34	2551.52	2553.02	2553.22	2553.22	2560.12	DI6	OK	NO



**MAIN\_SDMH7\_SDMH12 - Summary of Results**

STATION	INVERT	SOFFIT	EGL	HGL	(Optional)		HGL with respect to FG	Pressure Gasket Required?
					GRADE	LOCATION		
1000.00	2541.95	2543.45	2544.28	2544.26	2550.18	SDMH 12	OK	NO
1179.57	2542.67	2544.17	2544.34	2544.32	2546.91	DI8	OK	NO
1179.57	2542.67	2544.17	2544.36	2544.36	2546.91	DI8	OK	NO