



## Recommending Committee Agenda

The Recommending Committee will receive public input on each item of legislation being considered. The Recommending Committee may, thereafter, continue the hearing to a future date or formulate a recommendation to the City Council for passage, rejection or amendment of the proposed bill. Any member of the City Council may substitute for a member of the Recommending Committee at any time.

Items listed on the agenda may be taken out of the order presented; two or more agenda items for consideration may be combined; and any item on the agenda may be removed or related discussion may be delayed at any time. Backup material for this agenda may be obtained from LuAnn D. Holmes, City Clerk, at the Office of the City Clerk, 495 South Main Street, 2nd Floor or on the city's webpage at [www.lasvegasnevada.gov](http://www.lasvegasnevada.gov).

1. Call to Order
2. Announcement Regarding: Compliance with Open Meeting Law
3. Bill No. 2021-35 - For possible action - Updates LVMC 9.04.010, pertaining to the definition and abatement of public nuisances, and amends LVMC Chapter 16.08 to replace the City's Dangerous Buildings Code with an updated version.
4. Citizens Participation: Public comment during this portion of the agenda must be limited to matters within the jurisdiction of the Committee. No subject may be acted upon by the Committee unless that subject is on the agenda and is scheduled for action. If you wish to be heard, come to the podium and give your name and correct spelling for the record. The amount of discussion on any single subject, as well as the amount of time any single speaker is allowed, may be limited.
5. Adjournment

Facilities are provided throughout City Hall for the convenience of persons with disabilities. For meetings held in the Council Chambers, sound equipment is available for persons with hearing impairments. Reasonable efforts will be made to assist and accommodate persons with disabilities or impairments. If you need an accommodation to attend and participate in this meeting, please call the City Clerk's office at 702-229-6311 and advise of your need at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting. Dial 7-1-1 for Relay Nevada.

\*\*\*\*\*

THIS MEETING HAS BEEN PROPERLY NOTICED AND POSTED AT THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS in accordance with the noticing standards as outlined in NRS 241.020:

City Hall, 495 South Main Street, 1st Floor  
The City of Las Vegas website – [www.lasvegasnevada.gov](http://www.lasvegasnevada.gov)  
The Nevada Public Notice website – [notice.nv.gov](http://notice.nv.gov)



**AGENDA SUMMARY PAGE**  
**Recommending Committee**  
**Meeting of: November 1, 2021**

Agenda Item No.:  
**1**

---

**DEPARTMENT:** City Clerk  
**DIRECTOR:** LuAnn Holmes

**SUBJECT:**  
Call to Order



**AGENDA SUMMARY PAGE**  
**Recommending Committee**  
**Meeting of: November 1, 2021**

Agenda Item No.:  
**2**

---

**DEPARTMENT:** City Clerk  
**DIRECTOR:** LuAnn Holmes

**SUBJECT:**  
Announcement Regarding: Compliance with Open Meeting Law



**AGENDA SUMMARY PAGE**  
**Recommending Committee**  
**Meeting of: November 1, 2021**

Agenda Item No.:  
**3**

---

**DEPARTMENT: City Attorney**  
**DIRECTOR: Bryan K. Scott**

**DISCUSSION**

**SUBJECT:**

Bill No. 2021-35 - For possible action - Updates LVMC 9.04.010, pertaining to the definition and abatement of public nuisances, and amends LVMC Chapter 16.08 to replace the City's Dangerous Buildings Code with an updated version.

**FISCAL IMPACT:**

None

**PURPOSE/BACKGROUND:**

This bill will update LVMC 9.04.010, pertaining to the definition and abatement of public nuisances, to better track State law on the subject and to be consistent with the City's abatement strategies. The bill will also amend LVMC Chapter 16.08 to replace the City's 1994 Dangerous Buildings Code with an updated version.

**RECOMMENDATION:**

This bill should be submitted to a Recommending Committee for review, hearing and recommendation to the City Council for final action.

**BACKUP DOCUMENTATION:**

1. Bill No. 2021-35
2. 2022 Dangerous Buildings Code

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26

**BILL NO. 2021-35**

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_**

AN ORDINANCE TO UPDATE LVMC 9.04.010, PERTAINING TO THE DEFINITION AND ABATEMENT OF PUBLIC NUISANCES; AMEND LVMC CHAPTER 16.08 TO REPLACE THE CITY’S DANGEROUS BUILDINGS CODE WITH AN UPDATED VERSION; AND PROVIDE FOR OTHER RELATED MATTERS.

Sponsored by: Councilman Cedric Crear

Summary: Updates LVMC 9.04.010, pertaining to the definition and abatement of public nuisances, and amends LVMC Chapter 16.08 to replace the City’s Dangerous Buildings Code with an updated version.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS DOES HEREBY ORDAIN AS

FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1: Title 9, Chapter 4, Section 10, of the Municipal Code of the City of Las Vegas, Nevada, 1983 Edition, is hereby amended to read as follows:

**9.04.010:** As used in this Chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall be defined as set forth in this Section.

“Abate” and “abatement” refer to action to eliminate a nuisance or chronic nuisance condition, whether by removal, repair, replacement, demolition, or a combination thereof. With reference to action permitted or required to be taken by an owner or other responsible party in response to a request to abate from the City, a notice of violation, or a notice and declaration, the terms refer to the type or types of action specified by the City to be taken by the owner or responsible party within the request by the City or the notice of violation or notice and declaration issued by the City. With reference to action taken by or on behalf of the City, the terms refer to any action to remove, repair, replace or demolish, as deemed appropriate by the City.

“Authorized official” means an officer of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department and any person designated and empowered by ordinance, by the City Manager or by the District Health Officer to enforce the provisions of Title 9.

...

1           “Chronic nuisance” means the existence of any of the following conditions:

2                   (1)     When three or more nuisance activities exist or have occurred during any thirty-day  
3 period on a property;

4                   (2)     When a person associated with the property has engaged in three or more nuisance  
5 activities during any thirty-day period on the property or within one hundred feet of the property;

6                   (3)     When the property has been the subject of a search warrant based on probable cause  
7 of continuous or repeated violations of NRS Chapter 459; or

8                   (4)     When a building or place is used for the purpose of unlawfully selling, serving,  
9 storing, keeping, manufacturing, using or giving away a controlled substance, immediate precursor [as  
10 defined in NRS 453.086] or controlled substance analog, [as defined in NRS 453.043.] as those terms are  
11 defined in NRS Chapter 453 and other chapters; or

12                   (5)     When a building or place was used for the purpose of unlawfully manufacturing a  
13 controlled substance, immediate precursor or controlled substance analog and:

14                           (a)     The building or place has not been deemed safe for habitation by a  
15 governmental entity; or

16                           (b)     All materials or substances involving the controlled substance, immediate  
17 precursor or controlled substance analog have not been removed from or remediated on the building or place  
18 by an entity certified or licensed to do so within one hundred eighty days after the building or place is no  
19 longer used for the purpose of unlawfully manufacturing a controlled substance, immediate precursor or  
20 controlled substance analog.

21           “Chronically-blighted property” means any property, whether improved or unimproved, whether  
22 vacant or occupied, and whether or not structures are located thereon, which by reason of dilapidation,  
23 deterioration, age, obsolescence, neglect, or failure to protect or secure, creates or has created conditions that  
24 are unsafe, hazardous, conducive to criminal activity or ill health, or that substantially interfere with the  
25 reasonable use and enjoyment of adjacent properties or have a detrimental effect upon adjacent property  
26 values. The term includes any property that is unable, by means of upkeep, repair, or productive use, to be

1 kept secure from unauthorized entry or use over the course of time.

2 “Criminal activity” means any activity defined as a misdemeanor in the Las Vegas Municipal Code  
3 or as a misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor or felony in NRS Title 15.

4 “Imminent hazard” means any condition associated with real property that places a person’s life,  
5 health or property in high risk of peril when such condition is immediate, impending, or on the point of  
6 happening or menacing.

7 “Owner” means any person having a legal or equitable interest in real property within the City. For  
8 purposes of providing notice under this Chapter to an owner of real property, the term also includes any agent  
9 or representative of the owner, or any person who acts as a manager or collects rents regarding that property.

10 “Person associated with the property” means a person who, on the occasion of a nuisance activity,  
11 has:

- 12 (1) Entered, patronized or visited;
- 13 (2) Attempted to enter, patronize or visit; or
- 14 (3) Waited to enter, patronize or visit, a property or a person present on the property.

15 “Public nuisance,” “nuisance,” or “nuisance activity” means any of the following conditions:

16 (1) Any area, structure or object which by its nature, location, or character would tend  
17 to attract and endanger the safety of any minor person.

18 (2) Any violation of Title 16, including violations of the codes pertaining to building,  
19 construction, housing, and fire safety adopted thereunder.

20 (3) Any body of water which by its nature or location constitutes an unhealthy or unsafe  
21 condition, including any accumulation of stagnant water that has become or is likely to become a breeding  
22 area for insects.

23 (4) Any refuse, waste, litter or other material, regardless of its market value, which, by  
24 reason of its location or character, is unsightly or interferes with the reasonable use and enjoyment of adjacent  
25 properties, has a detrimental effect upon adjacent property values, or would hamper or interfere with the  
26 containment of fire upon the premises. Examples include, without limitation, decaying or non-decaying solid

1 and semi-solid wastes, whether or not combustible, such as old lumber, tin, wire, cans, barrels, cartons, boxes,  
2 rags, tires, inner tubes, brush, grass and hedge clippings, rocks, bricks, cinders, scrap iron, buckets, tubs,  
3 windows, screens, glass, bottles, wastepaper, bedsprings, mattresses, discarded furniture and appliances,  
4 bedding and material cleaned from animal or fowl pens, automobile parts, scrap paving material, and piles  
5 of earth mixed with other waste material which may harbor insect or rodent infestations or may become a  
6 fire hazard.

7 (5) Any violation of Title 19 or Title 20 of this Code.

8 (6) Operating a business without a current license as required by Title 6.

9 (7) An odor nuisance as described in LVMC Chapter 9.40.

10 (8) A chronically-blighted property.

11 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) Any other act or condition, other than those permitted by NRS 40.140 and 202.450,  
12 which, by reason of its nature, character or location, interferes with the reasonable use and enjoyment of  
13 adjacent properties, or which has a detrimental effect upon adjacent property values. Such nuisances include  
14 without limitation the following:

15 (a) Weeds, turf grass, or uncultivated plant growth exceeding eight inches in  
16 height, either on a vacant parcel or on a developed parcel at a location visible from public property;

17 (b) Dead trees, plants and other vegetation that present a fire hazard or are  
18 otherwise a threat to property or to the health and safety of the public or a segment thereof;

19 (c) Graffiti, as defined in LVMC 10.48.060, that is allowed to remain for more  
20 than twenty-four hours;

21 (d) Unpainted or painted buildings, walls, fences or other structures whose  
22 condition has become so deteriorated as to create a hazardous condition; threaten collapse, displacement, or  
23 other breakdown of structural integrity; permit decay, excessive cracking, peeling, chalking, dry rot, warping  
24 or termite infestation; or create a condition of blight visible from public right-of-way;

25 (e) Any vehicle that has been abandoned, or any vehicle in an obviously  
26 mechanically inoperable condition, that:

1 (i) Is parked within a multifamily residential parking lot, in a location  
2 that is visible from public property, including a street or alley;

3 (ii) Has been parked in the same location for more than seven  
4 consecutive days;

5 (f) Criminal activity on any lot or premises within the City.

6 "Responsible party" means any tenant, occupant, lessor, lessee, manager, licensee or other person  
7 having control over a structure or parcel of land in the City.

8 SECTION 2: Title 16, Chapter 8, Section 10, of the Municipal Code of the City of Las  
9 Vegas, Nevada, 1983 Edition, is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 **16.08.010:** [Those certain documents, three copies of each being on file in the Office of the City Clerk  
11 and designated as follows, are adopted by reference and made a part of this Code, to the same effect as if  
12 set forth at length herein:

13 (A) Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings, 1994 Edition, designated as  
14 Part 1 of this Chapter;

15 (B) A supplemental document which amends, by adding to and deleting from, the Uniform  
16 Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings, 1994 Edition, designated as Part 2 of this Chapter.] That  
17 certain document, entitled the 2022 Dangerous Buildings Code, three copies of which shall be maintained  
18 on file in the City Clerk, is adopted and made part of this Code to the same effect as if set forth herein.

19 SECTION 3: Title 16, Chapter 8, of the Municipal Code of the City of Las Vegas, Nevada,  
20 1983 Edition, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section, designated as Section 20, reading as  
21 follows:

22 **16.08.020:** Whenever in the Municipal Code, or in any uniform code adopted and incorporated in the  
23 Municipal Code, or in any other ordinance of the City a reference is made to the Uniform Code for the  
24 Abatement of Dangerous Buildings or any other similarly-named code previously adopted by the City, or  
25 to any individual provision thereof, the reference shall be deemed, as applicable, to refer to the 2022  
26 Dangerous Buildings Code adopted by this Chapter or to the equivalent provision, if any, thereof.

1           SECTION 4: The document referred to in, and incorporated by, Section 2 of this  
2 Ordinance is attached hereto and is incorporated by this Ordinance.

3           SECTION 5: If any section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase  
4 in this ordinance or any part thereof is for any reason held to be unconstitutional or invalid or ineffective by  
5 any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of the  
6 remaining portions of this ordinance or any part thereof. The City Council of the City of Las Vegas hereby  
7 declares that it would have passed each section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase  
8 thereof irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, paragraphs,  
9 sentences, clauses or phrases be declared unconstitutional, invalid or ineffective.

10           SECTION 6: Whenever in this ordinance any act is prohibited or is made or declared to  
11 be unlawful or an offense or a misdemeanor, or whenever in this ordinance the doing of any act is required  
12 or the failure to do any act is made or declared to be unlawful or an offense or a misdemeanor, the doing of  
13 such prohibited act or the failure to do any such required act shall constitute a misdemeanor and upon  
14 conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term of  
15 not more than six months, or by any combination of such fine and imprisonment. Any day of any violation  
16 of this ordinance shall constitute a separate offense.

17 ...  
18 ...  
19 ...  
20 ...  
21 ...  
22 ...  
23 ...  
24 ...  
25 ...  
26 ...

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26

SECTION 7: All ordinances or parts of ordinances or sections, subsections, phrases, sentences, clauses or paragraphs contained in the Municipal Code of the City of Las Vegas, Nevada, 1983 Edition, in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2021.

APPROVED:

By \_\_\_\_\_  
CAROLYN G. GOODMAN, Mayor

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
LUANN D. HOLMES, MMC  
City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:  
Val Steed 10-5-21  
Val Steed, Date  
Deputy City Attorney

1 The above and foregoing ordinance was first proposed and read by title to the City Council on the \_\_\_\_ day  
2 of \_\_\_\_\_, 2021, and referred to a committee for recommendation, the committee being  
3 composed of the following members \_\_\_\_\_;  
4 thereafter the said committee reported favorably on said ordinance on the \_\_\_\_ day of  
5 \_\_\_\_\_, 2021, which was a \_\_\_\_\_ meeting of said Council; that at said  
6 \_\_\_\_\_ meeting, the proposed ordinance was read by title to the City Council as first  
7 introduced and adopted by the following vote:

8 VOTING "AYE": \_\_\_\_\_  
9 VOTING "NAY": \_\_\_\_\_  
10 ABSENT: \_\_\_\_\_

11 APPROVED:

12  
13 By \_\_\_\_\_  
CAROLYN G. GOODMAN, Mayor

14 ATTEST:  
15 \_\_\_\_\_  
16 LUANN D. HOLMES, MMC  
City Clerk

17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26

## 2022 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS CODE

### Chapter 1

#### TITLE AND SCOPE

##### SECTION 101 — TITLE

These regulations shall be known as the Dangerous Buildings Code, may be cited as such, and will be referred to herein as “this code.”

##### SECTION 102 — PURPOSE AND SCOPE

**102.1 Purpose.** It is the purpose of this code to provide a just, equitable and practicable method, to be cumulative with and in addition to any other remedy provided by the City’s Building Code, Housing Code or otherwise available by law, whereby buildings or structures which from any cause endanger the life, limb, health, morals, property, safety or welfare of the general public or their occupants may be required to be repaired, vacated or demolished. The purpose of this code is not to create or otherwise establish or designate any particular class or group of persons who will or should be especially protected or benefited by the terms of this code.

**102.2 Scope.** The provisions of this code shall apply to all dangerous buildings, as herein defined, which are now in existence or which may hereafter become dangerous within the City.

##### SECTION 103 — ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS AND REPAIRS

All buildings or structures which are required to be repaired under the provisions of this code shall be subject to the provisions of the currently adopted edition of the International Existing Building Code.

##### SECTION 104 — EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS

Nothing in this code, by itself, shall be deemed to affect the application of other existing laws, ordinances and regulations, including zoning, building and fire regulations.

### Chapter 2

#### ENFORCEMENT

##### SECTION 201 — GENERAL

**201.1 Administration.** The building official is hereby authorized to enforce the provisions of this code. The building official shall have the power to render interpretations of this code and to adopt and enforce rules and supplemental regulations in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, rules and regulations shall be in conformity with the intent and purpose of this code.

**201.2 Inspections.** The health officer, the fire marshal and the building official are hereby authorized to make such inspections and take such actions as may be required to enforce the provisions of this code.

**201.3 Right of Entry.** When it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce the provisions of this code, or when the building official or the building official’s authorized representative has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in a building or upon a premises a condition which is contrary to or in violation of this code which makes the building or premises unsafe, dangerous or hazardous, the building official may enter the building or premises at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this code, provided that if such building or premises be occupied that credentials be presented to the occupant and entry requested. If such building or premises be unoccupied, the building official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control of the building or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the building official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry. For purposes of this section, the “building official’s authorized representative” includes the officers named in Section 201.2 and their authorized inspection personnel.

## **SECTION 202 — ABATEMENT OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS**

All buildings or portions thereof which are determined after inspection by the building official to be dangerous as defined in this code are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in Section 401 of this code.

## **SECTION 203 — VIOLATIONS**

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert or demolish, equip, use, occupy or maintain any building or structure or cause or permit the same to be done in violation of this code.

## **SECTION 204 — INSPECTION OF WORK**

All buildings or structures within the scope of this code and all construction or work for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official in accordance with and in the manner provided by this code and applicable sections of the currently adopted editions of the Building Code, as defined herein.

## **SECTION 205 — APPEALS**

The Board of Appeals, as established in the City's Administrative Code, is hereby designated to hear and decide initial appeals from orders, decisions and determinations of the building official under this code. The City Council is hereby designated to hear and decide subsequent appeals under this code. Appeals shall be processed in accordance with Chapters 5 and 6 of this code, after appeal remedies with the Board of Appeals have been exhausted. To the extent not directly applicable to appeals to the City Council, the provisions of Chapters 5 and 6 shall be applied by analogy to the extent possible. The City Council may adopt other rules and procedures for such appeals as it deems appropriate. Any reference in this code to the board of appeals or the board shall be interpreted to refer to the Board of Appeals or the City Council, depending on the context and the status of the appeal in question.

## **Chapter 3**

### **DEFINITIONS**

#### **SECTION 301 — GENERAL**

For the purpose of this code, certain terms, phrases, words and their derivatives shall be construed as specified in either this chapter or as specified in the Building Code or the Housing Code. Where terms are not defined, they shall have their ordinary accepted meanings within the context with which they are used. Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged, copyright 1986, shall be construed as providing ordinary accepted meanings. Words used in the singular include the plural and the plural the singular. Words used in the masculine gender include the feminine and the feminine the masculine.

**BUILDING CODE** includes, as applicable, the editions of the International Existing Building Code, the International Building Code, and the International Residential Code, in the most recent versions adopted by the City.

**BUILDING OFFICIAL** is the City's Director of Building and Safety (or a successor or designee or authorized representative).

**DANGEROUS BUILDING** is any building or structure deemed to be dangerous under the provisions of Section 302 of this code.

**DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS** is deemed to refer to the City's Director of Building and Safety (or a successor or designee or authorized representative).

**HOUSING CODE** includes, as applicable, the most recent editions of the Uniform Housing Code and the International Existing Building Code adopted by the City.

### **SECTION 302 — DANGEROUS BUILDING**

For the purpose of this code, any building or structure which has any or all of the conditions or defects hereinafter described shall be deemed to be a dangerous building, provided that such conditions or defects exist to the extent that the life, health, property or safety of the public or its occupants are endangered.

1. Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is not of sufficient width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.
2. Whenever the walking surface of any aisle, stairway or other means of exit is so warped, worn, loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.
3. Whenever the stress in any materials, member or portion thereof, due to all dead and live loads, is more than one and one half times the working stress or stresses allowed in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.
4. Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements of the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.
5. Whenever any portion or member or appurtenance thereof likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and hereby injure persons or damage property.
6. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one half of that specified in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location without exceeding the work stresses permitted in the Building Code for such buildings.
7. Whenever any portion thereof has wracked, warped, buckled or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction.
8. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of (i) dilapidation, deterioration or decay; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) the removal, movement or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building; (iv) the deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.
9. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
10. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside the middle one third of the base.
11. Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows 33 percent or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or 50 percent damage or deterioration of its nonsupporting members, enclosing or outside walls or coverings.
12. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake or flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to (i) become an attractive nuisance to children or an attraction to passersby of any age; (ii) become a harbor for criminal activity or for persons experiencing homelessness; or (iii) enable persons to resort thereto for the purpose of committing unlawful acts.
13. Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the building regulations of the City, as specified in the Building Code or Housing Code, or of any law or ordinance of this state or the City relating to the condition, location or structure of buildings.
14. Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances, has in any nonsupporting part, member or portion less than 50 percent, or in any supporting part, member or portion less than 66 percent of the (i) strength, (ii) fire-resisting qualities or

characteristics, or (iii) weather-resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location.

15. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangement, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined by the health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.

16. Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire resistant construction, faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined by the fire marshal to be a fire hazard.

17. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public nuisance under common law or in equity jurisprudence, or as specified in Chapter 9.04 of the Las Vegas Municipal Code.

18. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned for a period in excess of six months so as to constitute such building or portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.

19. Whenever any building or structure, or portion thereof, whether partially or completely constructed, has become so dilapidated or deteriorated in condition or appearance, or is maintained in such a condition, as to endanger the safety of the public, be injurious to health or the senses, obstruct the free use of property of others, or have a deleterious effect on the values of neighboring properties.

## Chapter 4

### NOTICES AND ORDERS OF BUILDING OFFICIAL

#### SECTION 401 — GENERAL

**401.1 Commencement of Proceedings.** When the building official has inspected or caused to be inspected any building and has found and determined that such building is dangerous building, the building official shall commence proceedings to cause the repair, vacation or demolition of the building.

**401.2 Notice and Order.** The building official shall issue a notice and order directed to the record owner of the building. The notice and order shall contain:

1. The street address and a legal description sufficient for identification of the premises upon which the building is located.

2. A statement that the building official has found the building to be dangerous with a brief and concise description of the conditions found to render the building dangerous under the provisions of Section 302 of this code.

3. A statement of the action required to be taken as determined by the building official.

3.1 If the building official has determined that the building or structure must be repaired, the order shall require that all required permits be secured therefor and the work physically commenced within such time (not to exceed 60 days from the date of the order) and completed within such time as the building official shall determine is reasonable under all of the circumstances.

3.2 If the building official has determined that the building or structure must be vacated, the order shall require that the building or structure shall be vacated within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the building official to be reasonable.

3.3 If the building official has determined that the building or structure must be demolished, the order shall require that the building be vacated within such time as the building official shall determine is reasonable (not to exceed 60 days from the date of the order); that all required permits be secured therefor within 60 days from the date of the order; and that the demolition be completed within such time as the building official shall determine is reasonable.

3.4 In the case of any order to vacate or any order with respect to a vacant building, the order may require the building or structure to be secured and the premises cleaned within such time as the building official determines is reasonable.

4. Statements advising that if any required repair or demolition work (without vacation also being required) is not commenced within the time specified, the building official (i) will order the building vacated and posted to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed, and (ii) may proceed to cause the work to be done and charge the costs thereof against the property or its owner.

5. Statements advising (i) that any person having any record title or legal interest in the building may appeal from the notice and order (or any action of the building official) to the board of appeals, provided the appeal is made in writing as provided in this code and filed with the building official within 10 days after the date of service of the notice and order (or action); and (ii) that failure to appeal will constitute a waiver of all right to an administrative hearing and determination of the matter.

**401.3 Service of Notice and Order.** The notice and order, and any amended or supplemental notice and order, shall be served upon the record owner and posted on the property; and one copy thereof shall be served on each of the following if known to the building official or disclosed from official public records: the holder of any mortgage or deed of trust or other lien or encumbrance of record; the owner or holder of any lease of record; and the holder of any other estate or legal interest of record in or to the building or the land on which it is located. The failure of the building official to serve any person required herein to be served shall not invalidate any proceedings hereunder as to any other person duly served or relieve any such person from any duty or obligation imposed by the provisions of this section.

**401.4 Method of Service.** Service of the notice and order shall be made upon all persons entitled thereto either personally or by mailing a copy of such notice and order by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to each such person at their address as it appears on the last equalized assessment roll of the county or as known to the building official. If no address of any such person so appears or is known to the building official, then a copy of the notice and order shall be so mailed, addressed to such person, at the address of the building involved in the proceedings. The failure of any such person to receive such notice shall not affect the validity of any proceedings taken under this section. Service by certified mail in the manner herein provided shall be effective on the date of mailing.

**401.5 Proof of Service.** Proof of service of the notice and order shall be certified to at the time of service by a written declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the persons effecting service, declaring the time, date and manner in which service was made. The declaration, together with any receipt card returned in acknowledgment of receipt by certified mail, shall be affixed to the copy of the notice and order retained by the building official.

## **SECTION 402 — RECORDATION OF NOTICE AND ORDER**

If compliance is not had with the order within the time specified therein, and no appeal has been properly and timely filed, the building official shall file in the office of the county recorder a certificate describing the property and certifying (i) that the building is a dangerous building and (ii) that the owner has been so notified. Whenever the corrections ordered shall thereafter have been completed or the building demolished so that it no longer exists as a dangerous building on the property described in the certificate, the building official shall file a new certificate with the county recorder certifying that the building has been demolished or all required corrections have been made so that the building is no longer dangerous, whichever is appropriate.

## **SECTION 403 — REPAIR, VACATION AND DEMOLITION**

The following standards shall be followed by the building official (and by the board of appeals if an appeal is taken) in ordering the repair, vacation or demolition or any dangerous building or structure:

1. Any building declared a dangerous building under this code shall be made to comply with one of the following:

1.1 The building shall be repaired in accordance with the current building code or other current code applicable to the type of substandard conditions requiring repair; or

1.2 Except as otherwise provided, in Paragraph 1.4 below, the building may be demolished at the option of the building owner in lieu of repair under Paragraph 1.1; or

1.3 If the building does not constitute an immediate danger to the life, limb, property or safety of the public, it may be vacated, secured and maintained against entry.

1.4 The building must be demolished if the building official so orders, upon a determination that repair under Paragraph 1.1 is infeasible or unlikely and that the building cannot reasonably be secured and maintained against entry.

2. If the building or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or safety of the public or its occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated.

3. If any building is vacated in order for repairs to be made in compliance with an order issued under this code, a certificate of occupancy or equivalent must be obtained upon completion of the repairs and before re-occupancy is permitted.

4. Whenever required permits are not taken out for repairs ordered to be made under this code within the time specified therefor, or repair work is done without the benefit of any required permit, the building official is authorized to charge and collect, in connection with the issuance of permits, an administrative fee of one hundred dollars for each noncompliant single family dwelling unit and fifty dollars for each noncomplying dwelling unit within a multiple family dwelling.

## **SECTION 404 — NOTICE TO VACATE**

**404.1 Posting.** Every notice to vacate shall, in addition to being served as provided in Section 401.3, be posted at or upon each exit of the building and shall be in substantially the following form:

### **DO NOT ENTER**

### **UNSAFE TO OCCUPY**

It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building, or to remove or deface this notice.

Building Official

**404.2 Compliance.** Whenever such notice is posted, the building official shall include a notification thereof in the notice and order issued under Section 401.2, reciting the emergency and specifying the conditions which necessitate the posting. No person shall remain or enter any building which has been so posted, except that entry may be made to repair, demolish, or remove such building under permit. No person shall remove or deface any such notice after it is posted until the required repairs, demolition or removal have been completed and a certificate of occupancy issued pursuant to the provisions of the Building Code.

**404.3 Utility Disconnection.** In connection with a failure to vacate, the building official may authorize the disconnection of power to the building or portion thereof ordered to be vacated. The building official shall cause a notice of proposed disconnection (including the basis therefor) to be posted on the property and served personally or by mail on the owner or person in charge of the property to be vacated.

## **Chapter 5**

### **APPEAL**

**501.1 Form of Appeal.** Any person entitled to service under Section 401.3 may appeal from any notice and order or any action of the building official under this code by filing at the office of the building official a written appeal containing:

1. A heading in the words: "Before the Board of Appeals of the City of Las Vegas [or City Council, as applicable]."

2. A caption reading: "Appeal of \_\_\_\_\_," providing the names of all appellants participating in the appeal.

3. A brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each of the appellants in the building or the land involved in the notice and order.

4. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the specific order or action objected to, together with any material facts claimed to support the contentions of the appellant(s).

5. A brief statement in ordinary and concise language of the relief sought and the reasons why it is claimed that the order or action objected to should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.
6. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing addresses.
7. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury) of at least one appellant as to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal.

The appeal shall be filed within 10 days after the date of the service of the notice and order (or action) of the building official.

**501.2 Processing of Appeal.** Upon receipt of any appeal filed pursuant to this section, the building official shall present it at the next regular or special meeting of the board of appeals.

**501.3 Scheduling and Noticing Appeal for Hearing.** As soon as practicable after receiving the written appeal, the board of appeals shall fix a date, time and place for the hearing of the appeal by the board. Such date shall not be less than 10 days nor more than 60 days from the date the appeal was filed with the building official. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given at least 10 days prior to the date of the hearing to each appellant by the secretary of the board either by causing a copy of such notice to be delivered to the appellant personally or by mailing a copy thereof, postage prepaid, addressed to the appellant at the address shown on the appeal.

#### **SECTION 502 — EFFECT OF FAILURE TO APPEAL**

Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the provisions of Section 501 shall constitute a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing and adjudication of the notice and order or any portion thereof.

#### **SECTION 503 — SCOPE OF HEARING ON APPEAL**

Only those matters or issues specifically raised by the appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal.

#### **SECTION 504 — STAYING OF ORDER UNDER APPEAL**

Except as otherwise provided in the next succeeding sentence, enforcement of any notice and order of the building official issued under this code shall be stayed during the pendency of an appeal therefrom which is properly and timely filed. In the case of a notice or notice and order to vacate in the interest of protecting life, limb, property or safety, the building official may order the immediate vacation and securing of a building or structure pending the disposition of an appeal.

### **Chapter 6**

#### **PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCT OF HEARING APPEALS**

##### **SECTION 601 — GENERAL**

**601.1 Hearing Examiners.** The board may appoint one or more hearing examiners or designate one or more of its members to serve as hearing examiners to conduct the hearings. The examiner hearing the case shall exercise all powers relating to the conduct of hearings until it is submitted to the board for decision.

**601.2 Record.** A record of the entire proceedings shall be made by audio recording or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the board.

**601.3 Reporting.** The proceedings at the hearing shall also be reported by a stenographic reporter if requested by any party thereto. A transcript of the proceedings shall be made available to all parties upon request and upon payment of the fee prescribed therefor. Such fees may be established by the board, but shall in no event be greater than the cost involved.

**601.4 Continuances.** The board may grant continuances for good cause shown; however, when a hearing examiner has been assigned to such hearing, no continuances may be granted except by the examiner for good cause shown so long as the matter remains before the examiner.

**601.5 Oaths – Certification.** In any proceedings under this chapter, the board, any board member, or the hearing examiner has the power to administer oaths and affirmations and to certify to official acts.

**601.6 Reasonable Dispatch.** The board and its representatives shall proceed with reasonable dispatch to conclude any matter before it. Due regard shall be shown for the convenience and necessity of any parties or their representatives.

#### **SECTION 602 — FORM OF NOTICE OF HEARING**

The notice to appellant shall be substantially in the following form, but may include other information:

“You are hereby notified that a hearing will be held before (the board of appeals or name of hearing examiner) at.....on the ..... day of ....., 2....., at the hour ....., upon the notice and order served upon you. You may be present at the hearing. You may be, but need not be, represented by counsel. You may present any relevant evidence and will be given full opportunity to cross-examine all witnesses testifying against you. You may request the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, documents or other things by filing an affidavit therefor with (board of appeals or name of hearing examiner).”

#### **SECTION 603 — SUBPOENAS**

**603.1 Filing of Affidavit.** The board or examiner may obtain the issuance and service of a subpoena for the attendance of witnesses or the production of other evidence at a hearing upon the request of a member of the board or upon the written demand of any party. The issuance and service of such subpoena shall be obtained upon the filing of an affidavit therefor which states the name and address of the proposed witness; specifies the exact things sought to be produced and the materiality thereof in detail to the issues involved; and states that the witness has the desired things in possession or under control. A subpoena need not be issued when the affidavit is defective in any particular.

**603.2 Cases Referred to Examiner.** In cases where a hearing is referred to an examiner, all subpoenas shall be obtained through the examiner.

**603.3 Penalties.** Any person who refuses without lawful excuse to attend any hearing or to produce material evidence which the person possesses or controls as required by any subpoena served upon such person as provided for herein shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

#### **SECTION 604 — CONDUCT OF HEARING**

**604.1 Rules.** Hearings need not be conducted according to the technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses.

**604.2 Oral Evidence.** Oral evidence shall be taken only on oath or affirmation.

**604.3 Hearsay Evidence.** Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining any direct evidence, but shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding unless it would be admissible over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.

**604.4 Admissibility of Evidence.** Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the type of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.

**604.5 Exclusion of Evidence.** Irrelevant and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.

**604.6 Rights of Parties.** Each party shall have these rights, among others:

1. To call and examine witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
2. To introduce documentary and physical evidence;
3. To cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
4. To impeach any witness regardless of which party first called the witness to testify;
5. To rebut the evidence; and
6. To be represented by anyone who is lawfully permitted to do so.

**604.7 Official Notice.**

**604.7.1 What may be noticed.** In reaching a decision, official notice may be taken, either before or after submission of the case for decision, of any fact which may be judicially noticed by the courts of this state or of official records of the board or departments and ordinances of the city or rules and regulations of the board.

**604.7.2 Parties to be notified.** Parties present at the hearing informed of the matters to be noticed, and these matters noted in the record, referred to therein, or appended thereto.

**604.7.3 Opportunity to refute.** Parties present at the hearing shall be given a reasonable opportunity, upon request, to refute the officially noticed matters by evidence or by written or oral presentation of authority, the manner of such refutation to be determined by the board or hearing examiner.

**604.7.4 Inspection of the premises.** The board or the hearing examiner may inspect any building or premises involved in an appeal during the course of the hearing, provided that (i) notice of such inspection shall be given the parties before the inspection is made; (ii) the parties are given an opportunity to be present during the inspection; and (iii) the board or the hearing examiner shall state for the record upon completion of the inspection the material facts observed and the conclusions drawn therefrom. Each party then shall have a right to rebut or explain the matters so stated by the board or hearing examiner.

**SECTION 605 — METHOD AND FORM OF DECISION**

**605.1 Hearing before Board Itself.** When a contested case is heard before the board itself, a member thereof who did not hear the evidence or has not read the entire record of the proceedings shall not vote on or take part in the decision.

**605.2 Hearing before Examiner.** If a contested case is heard by a hearing examiner alone, the examiner shall within a reasonable time (not to exceed 90 days from the date the hearing is closed) submit a written report to the board. Such report shall contain a brief summary of the evidence considered and state the examiner’s findings, conclusions and recommendations. The report also shall contain a proposed decision in such form that it may be adopted by the board as its decision in the case. All examiner’s reports filed with the board shall be matters of public record. A copy of each such report and proposed decision shall be mailed to each party on the date they are filed with the board.

**605.3 Consideration of Report by Board-Notice.** The board shall fix the time, date and place to consider the examiner’s report and proposed decision. Notice thereof shall be mailed to each interested party not less than five days prior to the date fixed, unless it is otherwise stipulated by all of the parties.

**605.4 Exceptions to Report.** Not later than two days before the date set to consider the report, any party may file written exceptions to any part or all of the examiner’s report and may attach thereto a proposed decision together with written argument in support of such decision. By leave of the board, any party may present oral argument to the board.

**605.5 Disposition by the Board.** The board may adopt or reject the proposed decision in its entirety, or may modify the proposed decision.

**605.6 Proposed Decision Not Adopted.** If the proposed decision is not adopted as provided in Section 605.5, the board may decide the case upon the entire record before it, with or without taking additional evidence, or may refer the case to the same or another hearing examiner to take additional evidence. If the case is reassigned to a hearing examiner, the examiner shall prepare a report and proposed decision as provided in Section 605.2 hereof after any additional evidence is submitted. Consideration of such proposed decision by the board shall comply with the provisions of this section.

**605.7 Form of Decision.** The decision shall be in writing and shall contain findings of fact, a determination of the issues presented, and the requirements to be complied with. A copy of the decision shall be delivered to the appellant personally or sent by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.

**605.8 Effective Date of Decision.** The effective date of the decision shall be as stated therein.

...  
...  
...  
...

## Chapter 7

### ENFORCEMENT OF THE ORDER OF THE BUILDING OFFICIAL OR THE BOARD OF APPEALS

#### SECTION 701 — COMPLIANCE

**701.1 General.** After any order of the building official or the board of appeals made pursuant to this code shall have become final, no person to whom any such order is directed shall fail, neglect or refuse to obey any such order. Any such person who fails to comply with any such order is guilty of a misdemeanor.

**701.2 Failure to Obey Order.** If, after any order of the building official or board of appeals made pursuant to this code has become final, the person to whom such order is directed shall fail, neglect or refuse to obey such order, the building official may (i) cause such person to be prosecuted under Section 701.1 or (ii) institute any appropriate action to abate such building as a public nuisance.

**701.3 Failure to Commence Work.** Whenever the required repair or demolition is not commenced within 30 days after any final notice and order issued under this code becomes effective:

1. The building official shall cause the building described in such notice and order to be vacated by posting at each entrance thereto a notice reading:

**DANGEROUS BUILDING  
DO NOT OCCUPY**

It is a misdemeanor to occupy this building, or to remove or deface this notice.  
Building Official

2. No person shall occupy any building which has been posted as specified in this section. No person shall remove or deface any such notice so posted until the repairs, demolition or removal ordered by the building official have been completed and a certificate of occupancy issued pursuant to the provisions of the Building Code.

3. The building official may, in addition to any other remedy herein provided, cause the building to be repaired to the extent necessary to correct the conditions which render the building dangerous as set forth in the notice and order; or, if the notice and order required demolition, to cause the building to be sold and demolished or demolished and the materials, rubble and debris therefrom removed and the lot cleaned. Any such repair or demolition work shall be accomplished and the cost thereof paid and recovered in the manner hereinafter provided in this code. Any surplus realized from the sale of any such building, or from the demolition thereof, over and above the cost of demolition and of cleaning the lot, shall be paid over to the person or persons lawfully entitled thereto.

#### SECTION 702 — EXTENSION OF TIME TO PERFORM WORK

Upon receipt of an application from the person required to conform to the order and by agreement of such person to comply with the order if allowed additional time, the building official may grant an extension of time, not to exceed an additional 120 days, within which to complete said repair, rehabilitation or demolition, if the building official determines that such an extension of time will not create or perpetuate a situation imminently dangerous to life or property. The building official's authority to extend time is limited to the physical repair, rehabilitation or demolition of the premises and will not in any way affect the time to appeal the notice and order.

#### SECTION 703 — INTERFERENCE WITH REPAIR OR DEMOLITION WORK PROHIBITED

No person shall obstruct, impede or interfere with any officer, employee, contractor or authorized representative of the City or with any person who owns or holds any estate or interest in any building which has been ordered repaired, vacated or demolished under the provisions of this code; or with any person to whom such building has been lawfully sold pursuant to the provisions of this code, whenever such officer, employee, contractor or authorized representative of the City, person having an interest or estate in such

building or structure, or purchaser is engaged in the work of repairing, vacating and repairing, or demolishing any such building, pursuant to the provisions of this code, or in performing any necessary act preliminary to or incidental to such work or authorized or directed pursuant to this code.

## Chapter 8

### PERFORMANCE OF WORK OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION

#### SECTION 801 — GENERAL

**801.1 Procedure.** When any work of repair or demolition is to be done pursuant to Section 701.3, Item 3, of this code, the building official shall issue an order therefor to the director of public works and the work shall be accomplished by personnel of the City or by private contract under the direction of said director. Plans and specifications therefor may be prepared by said director, or the director may employ such architectural and engineering assistance on a contract basis as deemed reasonably necessary. If any part of the work is to be accomplished by private contract, standard public works contractual procedures shall be followed.

**801.2 Costs.** The cost of such work may be paid from the repair and demolition fund referred to in Section 802. However paid, the cost may be made a special assessment against the property involved, or may be made a personal obligation of the property owner, whichever the City Council shall determine is appropriate.

#### SECTION 802 — REPAIR AND DEMOLITION FUND

**802.1 General.** The City Council may establish a special revolving fund to be designated as the repair and demolition fund. Payments shall be made out of said fund upon the demand of the director of public works to defray the costs and expenses which may be incurred by the City in doing or causing to be done the necessary work of repair or demolition of dangerous buildings.

**802.2 Maintenance of Fund.** The City Council may at any time transfer to the repair and demolition fund, out of any money in the general fund of the City, such sums as it may deem necessary in order to expedite the performance of the work of repair or demolition, and any sum so transferred shall be deemed a loan to the repair and demolition fund and shall be repaid out of the proceeds of the collections hereinafter provided for. All funds collected under the proceedings hereinafter provided for shall be paid to the treasurer of the City who shall credit the same to the repair and demolition fund.

**802.3 Other Funding.** Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prevent the City from using funds from other sources to accomplish the work of repair or demolition.

## Chapter 9

### RECOVERY OF COST OF REPAIR OR DEMOLITION

#### SECTION 901 — ACCOUNT OF EXPENSE, FILING OF REPORT

The director of public works shall keep an itemized account of the expense incurred by the City in the repair or demolition of any building done pursuant to the provisions of Section 701.3, Item 3, of this code. Upon the completion of the work of repair or demolition, said director shall prepare and file with the City Clerk a report specifying the work done, the itemized and total cost of the work, a description of the real property upon which the building or structure is or was located, and the names and addresses of the persons entitled to notice pursuant to Section 401.3. The City may add to and include in the cost of the work an administrative processing fee of seventy-five dollars.

#### SECTION 902 — NOTICE OF HEARING

Upon receipt of said report, the City Clerk shall present it to the City Council for consideration. The City Council shall fix a time, date and place for hearing said report and any protests or objections thereto. The

City Clerk shall cause notice of said hearing to be posted upon the property involved, published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the City, and served by certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the owner of the property as the owner's name and address appears on the last equalized assessment roll of the county, if such so appears, or as known to the clerk. Such notice shall be given at least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing and shall specify the day, hour and place when the City Council will hear and pass upon the director's report, together with any objections or protests which may be filed as hereinafter provided by any person interested in or affected by the proposed charge.

### **SECTION 903 — PROTESTS AND OBJECTIONS**

Any person interested in or affected by the proposed charge may file written protests or objections with the City Clerk at any time prior to the time set for the hearing on the report of the director. Each such protest or objection must contain a description of the property in which the signer thereof is interested and the grounds of such protest or objection. The City Clerk shall endorse on every such protest or objection the date of receipt. The clerk shall present such protests or objections to the City Council at the time set for the hearing, and no other protests or objections shall be considered.

### **SECTION 904 — HEARING OF PROTESTS**

Upon the day and hour fixed for the hearing, the City Council shall hear and pass upon the report of the director together with any such objections or protests. The City Council may make such revision, correction or modification in the report or the charge as it may deem just; and when the City Council is satisfied with the correctness of the charge, the report (as submitted or as revised, corrected or modified) together with the charge, shall be confirmed or rejected. The decision of the City Council on the report and the charge, and on all protests or objections, shall be final and conclusive.

### **SECTION 905 — PERSONAL OBLIGATION OR SPECIAL ASSESSMENT**

**905.1 General.** The City Council may thereupon order that said charge shall be made a personal obligation of the property owner or assess said charge against the property involved.

**905.2 Personal Obligation.** If the City Council orders that the charge shall be a personal obligation of the property owner, it shall direct the attorney for the City to collect the same on behalf of the City by use of all appropriate legal remedies.

**905.3 Special Assessment.** If the City Council orders that the charge shall be assessed against the property, it shall confirm the assessment, cause the same to be recorded on the assessment roll, and thereafter said assessment shall constitute a special assessment against and a lien upon the property.

**905.4 Discretion Regarding Means of Collection.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, in individual cases or in certain types of cases, as may be specified, the City Council may authorize the building official (or other person or department responsible for the recovery and collection of repair and demolition expenses to use any reasonable means or sequence of collection activities, including without limitation installment payments, property liens to secure payment, deferred property liens to be filed if payment arrangements are not met, and the assessment liens described in this chapter.

### **SECTION 906 — CONTEST**

The validity of any assessment made under the provisions of this chapter shall not be contested in any action or proceeding unless the same is commenced within 30 days after the assessment is placed upon the assessment roll as provided herein. Any appeal from a final judgment in such action or proceeding must be perfected within 30 days after the entry of such judgment.

### **SECTION 907 — AUTHORITY FOR INSTALLMENT PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS WITH INTEREST**

The City Council, in its discretion, may determine that assessments in amounts of \$500.00 or more shall be payable in not to exceed five equal annual installments. The City Council's determination to allow payment

of such assessments in installments, the number of installments, whether they shall bear interest, and the rate thereof shall be by a resolution adopted prior to the confirmation of the assessment.

**SECTION 908 — LIEN OF ASSESSMENT**

**908.1 Priority.** Immediately upon its being placed on the assessment roll, the assessment shall be deemed to be complete, the several amounts assessed shall be payable, and the assessments shall be liens against the lots or parcels of land assessed, respectively. The lien shall be subordinate to all existing special assessment liens previously imposed upon the same property and shall be paramount to all other liens except for state, county and property taxes with which it shall be upon a parity. The lien shall continue until the assessment and all interest due and payable thereon are paid.

**908.2 Interest.** All such assessments remaining unpaid after 30 days from the date of recording on the assessment roll shall become delinquent and shall bear interest at the rate of 7 percent per annum from and after said date.

**SECTION 909 — REPORT TO ASSESSOR AND TAX COLLECTOR: ADDITION OF ASSESSMENT TO TAX BILL**

After confirmation of the report, certified copies of the assessment shall be given to the assessor and the tax collector for the City, who shall add the amount of the assessment to the next regular tax bill levied against the parcel for municipal purposes.

**SECTION 910 — FILING COPY OF REPORT WITH COUNTY AUDITOR**

If the county assessor and the county tax collector assess property and collect taxes for the City, a certified copy of the assessment shall be filed with the county auditor on or before August 10<sup>th</sup>, if so requested. The descriptions of the parcels reported shall be those used for the same parcels on the county assessor's map books for the current year.

**SECTION 911 — COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENT PENALTIES FOR FORECLOSURE**

The amount of the assessment shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as ordinary property taxes are collected and shall be subject to the same penalties and procedure and sale in case of delinquency as provided for ordinary property taxes. All laws applicable to the levy, collection and enforcement of property taxes shall be applicable to such assessment.

If the City Council has determined that the assessment shall be paid in installments, each installment and any interest thereon shall be collected in the same manner as ordinary property taxes in successive years. If any installment is delinquent, the amount thereof is subject to the same penalties and procedure for sale as provided for ordinary property taxes.

**SECTION 912 — REPAYMENT OF REPAIR AND DEMOLITION FUND**

All money recovered by payment of the charge or assessment or from the sale of the property at foreclosure sale shall be paid to the treasurer of the City, who shall credit the same to the repair and demolition fund.



**AGENDA SUMMARY PAGE**  
**Recommending Committee**  
**Meeting of: November 1, 2021**

Agenda Item No.:  
**4**

---

**DEPARTMENT: City Clerk**  
**DIRECTOR: LuAnn Holmes**

**SUBJECT:**

Citizens Participation: Public comment during this portion of the agenda must be limited to matters within the jurisdiction of the Committee. No subject may be acted upon by the Committee unless that subject is on the agenda and is scheduled for action. If you wish to be heard, come to the podium and give your name and correct spelling for the record. The amount of discussion on any single subject, as well as the amount of time any single speaker is allowed, may be limited.



**AGENDA SUMMARY PAGE**  
**Recommending Committee**  
**Meeting of: November 1, 2021**

Agenda Item No.:  
**5**

---

**DEPARTMENT:** City Clerk  
**DIRECTOR:** LuAnn Holmes

**SUBJECT:**  
Adjournment