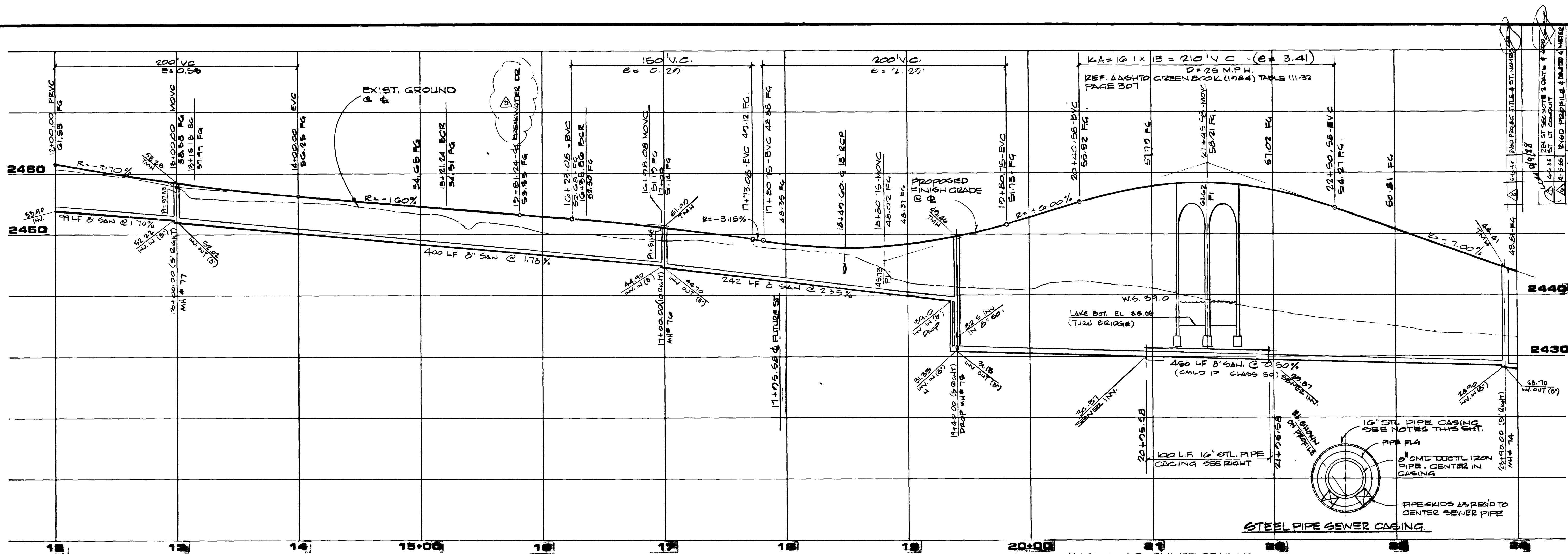




10817 1"-10"

1 SEE PLAN AND PROFILE FOR ELEVATIONS AND CASING LOCATION

2. NUMBER OF SKIPS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PIPE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
3. STEEL PIPE CASING SHALL BE FABRICATED FROM A MINIMUM OF 1/4" THICK STEEL PLATE, CONFORMING TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM A203, GRADE B, C OR D. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE WELDED. ALL WELDING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C201. AWWA STANDARD FOR FABRICATED ELECTRICALLY WELDED STEEL WATER PIPE. COATINGS FOR STEEL CASING ARE NOT REQUIRED.
4. PIPE CASING SHALL BE LAID TRUE TO LINE AND GRADE WITH NO BENDS OR CHANGES IN GRADE FOR THE FULL LENGTH OF THE CASING.
5. PIPE SHALL BE SUPPORTED AT EACH END OF EACH JOINT WITH SKIPS.
6. CASING SHALL BE SEALED AT BOTH ENDS WITH PORTLAND OR CEMENTED BRICK.

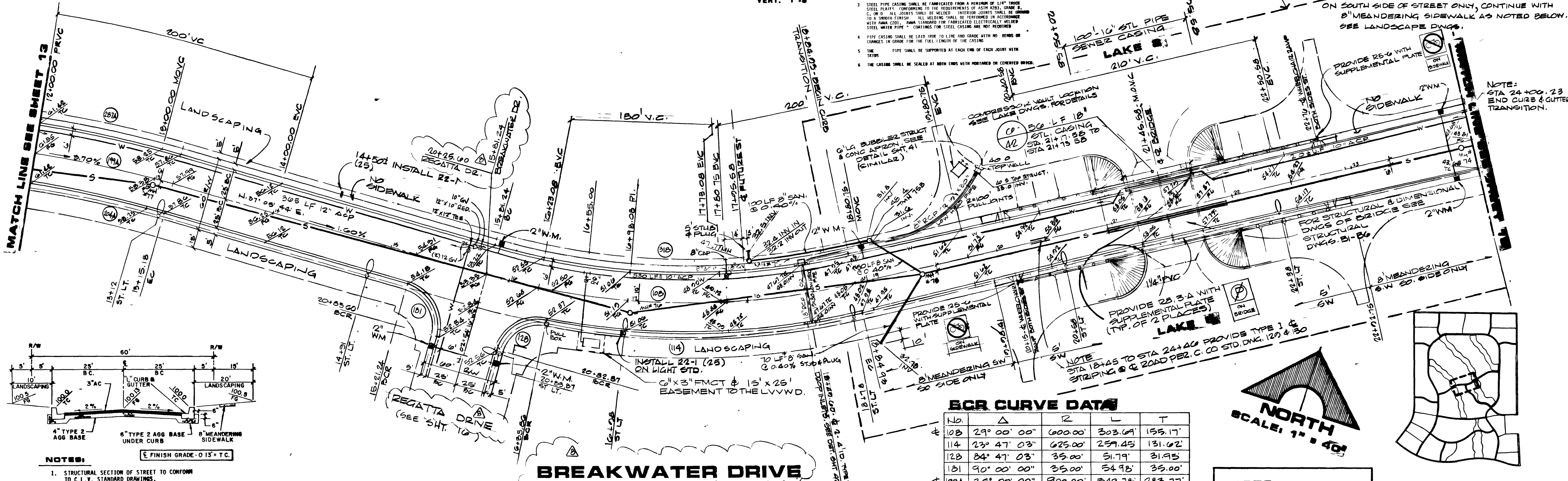
2
THIS AREA, SEE PAGE 11-11

100

NOTES:
AT MR.

SEE LANDSCAPE DWGS.

NOTE:
- STA 24+00.23
END CURB & GUTTE
TRANSITION.



SCR CURVE DATA				
No.	Δ	I ₂	L	T
103	2° 0' 00"	600.00	303.69	155.17
114	2° 47' 03"	625.00	259.45	131.02
128	2° 47' 03"	35.00	51.79	31.95
131	9° 00' 00"	35.00	54.95	35.00
199A	3° 00' 00"	900.00	349.78	283.77
204A	3° 00' 00"	875.00	534.53	275.09
257A	3° 00' 00"	925.00	505.05	291.65
318	2° 00' 00"	575.00	291.03	148.71

NOTE:
**SANITARY SEWER
PIPE TO BE PVC**

KEY MAP

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 278: 1039-1044.

CLV CHIEF LAND DEVELOPMENT

DATE _____

STA. 18+84.1

(EXCEPT FROM STA. 18+84.03 TO STA 24+06.23

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of a 12-week training program on the physical fitness of 10-year-old children. The study was conducted in a primary school in the city of Ankara, Turkey. The study group consisted of 20 children (10 boys and 10 girls) who were randomly selected from the 10-year-old children in the school. The children were divided into two groups: a control group and an experimental group. The control group did not participate in any physical education program, while the experimental group participated in a 12-week training program. The physical fitness of the children was measured at the beginning and at the end of the 12-week period. The measurements included heart rate, blood pressure, and body mass index. The results of the study showed that the experimental group had significantly higher heart rates and blood pressures at the end of the 12-week period compared to the control group. The body mass index of the children in the experimental group also increased significantly. These findings suggest that a 12-week training program can improve the physical fitness of 10-year-old children.

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OF SHEETS

7Y-1248

